# INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY/DISTRICT MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST INTERNAL NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORM

Criek

The Higgins-Bennett House is a two-story, two-section stone house built in the last decade of the 18th century and about the first decade of the 19th century. Associated with it are a two-level stone smokehouse of about 1800 and a stone and frame bank barn, the foundation of which may also date from 1800. The barn has a late 19th century upper structure. The dwelling's earlier section has a three-bay elevation adjoined by the two-bay later section. Each has an entrance and a modern shed porch covers the center bays. On the west end of the house is a 1-1/2 story stone summer kitchen. The interior of the house has three main rooms on the first story with two simple mantelpieces dating from about 1790 in the earlier section. Paneled cupboards flank the openings and enclosed winding staircases are located in each room. Much of the original hardware, chair rails, baseboards, flooring, and other interior finishes are still in place or have been reproduced in similar materials. On the second story of the earlier section are two rooms with exposed beamed ceilings which have apparently original paint, one of which is grained to imitate smoked wood. The house's original owner/builder is unknown, but in 1807, the property was purchased by Rev. James L. Higgins, a Methodist Protestant minister who founded New Market M. P. Church. Higgins probably expanded the house with the two-bay addition and 1-1/2 story kitchen wing on the west side of the original structure. The mantelpiece in the two-bay section, now the kitchen, has the typical molded design of the second decade of the 19th century. In 1837, the farm was bought by Perry Bennett, whose family retained ownership until the 1880's.

F-5-85 Higgins-Bennett House New Market Frederick County

## **HISTORIC CONTEXT:**

### MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont (Harford, Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Howard, Montgomery Counties, and Baltimore City)

Chronological/Development Period:

Rural Agrarian Intensification, A.D. 1680-1815 Agricultural-Industrial Transition, A.D. 1815-1870 Industrial/Urban Dominance, 1870-1930 A.D.

Prehistoric/Historic Period Themes:
Architecture, Landscape Architecture, Community Planning

Resource Types:

Category: Building

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function & Use:

Domestic/single dwelling/residence Domestic/secondary structure/smokehouse Agriculture/subsistence/animal facility/barn Agriculture/subsistence/storage/granary

Known Design Source: None

# Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey	No.	F-5-85

Magi No.

DOE \_\_yes x\_no

1. Nam	le (indicate pr	eferred name)		
historic <sub>Higo</sub>	gins-Bennett House			
and/or common	,			
	ation			
	<u></u>			
street & number	12421 Lime Plant	Road		not for publication
city, town	New Market	_x_ vicinity of	congressional district	6th
state Mary	yland	county	Frederick	
3. Clas	sification			
Category  district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being consideredx not_applicable	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible _X_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	rty (give names a	nd mailing addresse	s of <u>all</u> owners)
name Robe	ert A. and Margaret	A. Ellis		
street & number	12421 Lime Pla	ant Road	telephone no	),:
city, town Nev	w Market	state	and zip code MD	21774
	ation of Leg	al Description	on .	
		lerick County Courtl		liber 987
street & number	100 W. Patrick S	Street		folio 649
city, town Fi	rederick		state	MD 21701
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Historical Surv	eys
itle Mi	HT Inventory of Hist	coric Sites F-258		
date 197	70		federal _X_ state	e county local
∠pository for su	urvey records Md. SI	iPO		
city, town	Crownsville		state	MD
.,			3.015	- TIT

# 7. Description

Survey No. F-5-85

Condition     Check one     Check one       excellent     deteriorated     unaltered     x original site       good     ruins     altered     moved     date of move        fair     unexposed	_X_ good ruins		•		
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

# CONTRIBUTING RESOURCE COUNT: 4

The Higgins-Bennett House is a two-story stone dwelling built in two stages beginning about 1790 and the second in about 1807-1816 with an attached stone 1-1/2 The house is located on the south side of Lime Plant Road story summer kitchen. about 3500 feet west of the intersection of Detrick Road near New Market, Frederick The dwelling is the center of a small farmstead complex County, Maryland. consisting of a two-story stone smokehouse adjacent to the house and a frame and stone bank barn dated about 1880 and two cylindrical corrugated metal granaries of the 1920's located on the north side of the public road. A non-contributing garage on the north side and a storage shed on the south side of the road are also on the The current principal use of the farmstead is as a private residence. property. Dates of the buildings are based on architectural evidence, land records, historical maps, and a 1966 map and annotations prepared by Hanford Hopkins in the Historical Society of Frederick County.

The dwelling's north elevation has five bays with the clearly visible sections demarcated by a joint line separating the three-bay earlier section from the two-bay addition on the west gable end. A modern one-story shed porch with a flagstone deck extends across the facade, covering all bays except the easternmost. The fieldstone is darker and the general size of the stones is smaller in the eastern section and large stones forming rough quoins emphasize the joint line. The roof is composition shingles and interior end chimneys are at the end walls of the original section and of the addition and the 1-1/2 story kitchen addition on the west. Entrances are located in the center bay of north elevation in the circa 1790 section and in the eastern bay of the addition. Windows are 6/6 replacement sash except on the first story which has 9/6 sash. The doors are glass paneled replacements. Above the doorway in the addition is a stone shaped to resemble a voussoir. A single low 6/6 window is in the 1-1/2 story kitchen wing.

On the south elevation, the bay arrangement is the same as the north elevation, but a modern open deck with a railing extends across the bays. The doorways have transoms of four lights in the eastern section and three lights in the western Narrow flat stones form the lintels in the circa 1790 section and shaped voussoirs are in the addition. A single doorway opens from the kitchen wing. A window on the second story of the 1790's section was converted to a door in the mid-20th century to facilitate furniture moving. At the exposed cellar level are three doorways with vertical board doors. At the gable ends are 2/2 attic windows flanking the interior chimneys. The two-story stone smokehouse is built about five feet from the east gable end with its upper level door in the west elevation. No access from the ground is currently present, but a wood stairway of functional design was probably used in the 19th century. A fieldstone platform fills in the space between the dwelling's east wall and the smokehouse and was probably the base The smokehouse has a second vertical board door on the south of the stairway. elevation at the lower level and a small smoke vent in the east gable end from the lower level. The roof of the smokehouse is composition shingles.

Period prehisto 1400–14 1500–15 1600–16X 1700–17X 1800–18X 1900–	99 archeology-historic 99 agriculture 99 architecture 99 art	heck and justify below community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement industry invention	landscape architecture law literature military music t philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific da	tes c. 1790-1816	Builder/Architect		
Aj	oplicable Criteria:A and/or oplicable Exception:A evel of Significance:	ABCD	EFG x_local	

F-5-85

Survey No.

8. Significance

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Level of Significance: \_\_national

The Higgins-Bennett House is moderately significant for the architecture and interior trim of the two sections of the dwelling, dating from about the 1790's and the period about 1807-1816. The two sections are clearly defined by a visible joint line on both the north and south elevations. Near the house is a two-level stone smokehouse which retains its original circa 1790-1800 appearance. remodeling has taken place in the past 20 to 25 years, much of the interior finishes, mantelpieces, chair rails, flooring, and hardware remains intact. Of particular importance are two painted beamed ceilings on the second floor of the 1790's section which may date from the period 1790-1800. The frame and stone bank barn on the north side of Lime Plant Road is moderately significant for the mostly altered stone-walled stall level, the upper frame section being of the late 19th The builder of the house in the late 18th century is not clear from available documentary evidence, but it may have been part of the John James tract, one of the earliest in the New Market Region, having been granted to James in the In 1807, James sold part of the original tract to James L. Higgins, a 1740's. Methodist minister who was the founder of the New Market Methodist Protestant He was probably responsible for the two-bay addition to the original Church. The house does not appear on the 1808 Charles Varle map, but this map shows principally large plantation houses, inns, taverns, mills, and other industries. The 1858 Bond and 1873 Titus Atlas maps show the house during the approximately 50-year ownership of Perry Bennett and his heirs.

Hanford Hopkins' map of 1966 with annotations identified the house as having been built in 1816, but its interior features are of the last quarter of the 18th Hopkins also described the family cemetery which was located on the north side of the road in which Rev. James L. Higgins and his first wife Sophia were The graves were removed by Dr. Hopkins to the Central Church cemetery. buried. Higgins' second wife was Harriet Dorsey, the widow of Basil Dorsey, Jr. She was buried in the Dorsey family cemetery at her death, although her gravestone is now also at Central Church cemetery.

# **Major Bibliographical References** Survey No. F-5-85 Bond, Isaac. Map of Frederick County, 1858 Hopkins, Hanford W. Map of Part of the Northeastern Section of Frederick County, Maryland, 1966. Land Records of Frederick County Titus, C.O. Atlas of Frederick County, 1873. **Geographical Data** Acreage of nominated property \_\_\_10 acres Quadrangle name \_\_\_Libertytown, Md. 1:24000 Quadrangle scale UTM References do NOT complete UTM references Zone Northing **Easting** Zone Easting Verbal boundary description and justification Approximately 10 acres centered on the dwelling on Tax Map 70, Parcel 7. List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state code county code state code county code Form Prepared By name/title Janet L. Davis, Historic Sites Surveyor organization Frederick County Planning & Zoning Dept. date street & number 12 E. Church Street telephone 696-2958 Frederick city or town state MD 21701

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

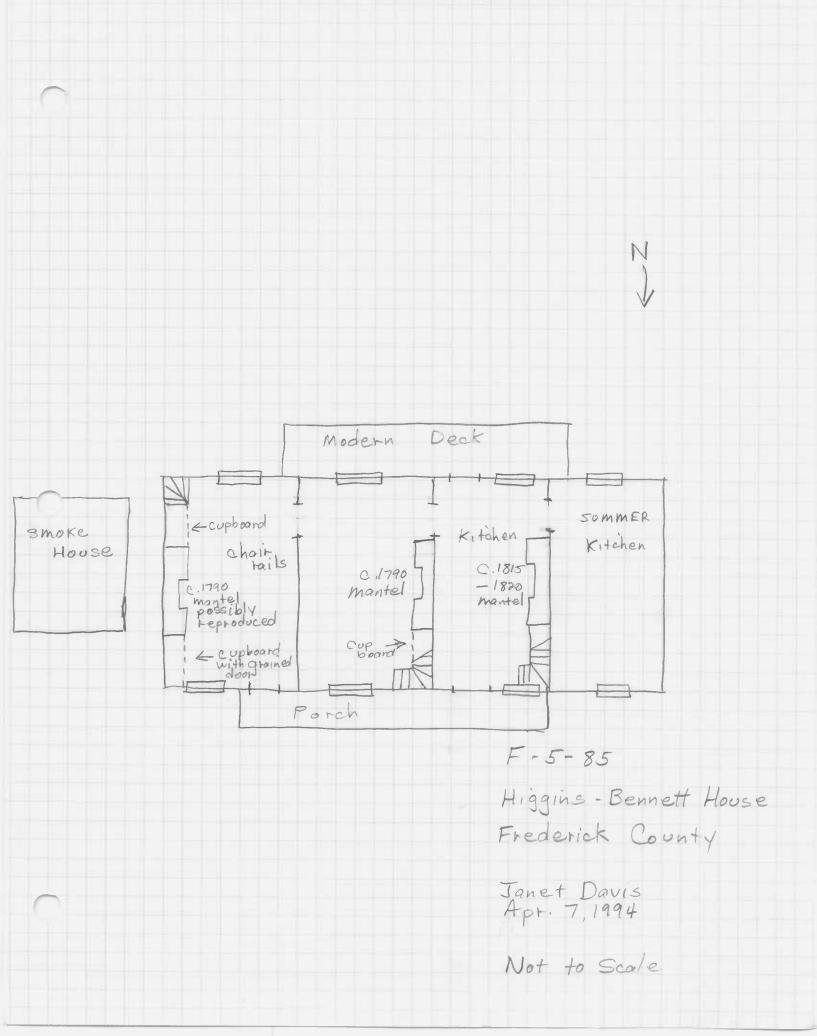
# 7.1 Description (Continued)

The interior plan of the dwelling is basically a linear progression of rooms linked by doors roughly arranged enfilade near the south side of the house. The circa 1790 section as built had a two-room plan with gable end chimneys and enclosed winding corner staircases in each room. The east room also contained the main entrance. In this room, the fireplace is flanked by a cupboard on the left side which has original graining on the inner surfaces. The mantelpieces in both rooms have a simple molding enframement of the fireplace opening with a flat ogee curved frieze panel rising to a molded shelf with dentil trim. The east room mantel has a reproduced ogee frieze panel. The fireplace openings have been reduced in size in rehabilitations of the house over the period about 1976 to the late 1980's. The molded chair rail in the east room is original, but has been reproduced in the west room. The floors and baseboards are original. The cupboard doors in the east room have raised panels, while those in the west roof have beaded vertical flush boards. Much of the original hardware, including latches and HL hinges, is still in place.

The circa 1807-1816 addition adjoining the 1790's house on the west consists of a single room which is now the kitchen. The molded mantelpiece is typical of the period with raised moldings in the side pilasters and the pilaster caps. A third winding staircase is in the northwest corner. The 1-1/2 story summer kitchen addition on the west end of the house has been considerable altered during the mid-20th century.

The second story plan is unusual in that there were no access doors between the two sections of the house or from the 1-1/2 story wing to the main section until renovations made after 1976. In the 1790's section at the east end are two small chambers with exposed beamed ceilings in which apparently original painted finishes are in good condition. The main room has a light blue wash finish and the small room at the southeast corner has a light pinkish white shade with black graining to resemble smoked markings.

Barn and granaries: The bank barn on the north side of Lime Plant Road has a stone foundation with a frame upper structure and a forebay on the east elevation. The foundation appears to be of the period about 1800-1815, while the exterior vertical siding with arched louvred vents is typical of the second half of the 19th century. The stall level wall is all fieldstone with alternating vertical board dutch doors to the feed aisles and window openings with 3/3 sash, probably dating from the early 20th century. A pair of double swing doors is located in the center of the stone wall. Adjoining the barn on the north gable end is a mid-20th century concrete block loafing shed. The west side of the barn has two sets of vertical board swing doors. The roof is corrugated metal. Two corrugated metal cylindrical grain bins are located near the barn. These date from about the 1920's and have perforated walls and standing seam conical roofs with vents in the peaks.



Mar 1829

	Lot Size, Description,		
	Original Tracts, Miscellaneous	Cost	
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12/40	G. Z 993/4Q.		
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ex my c	van D. Hammond		

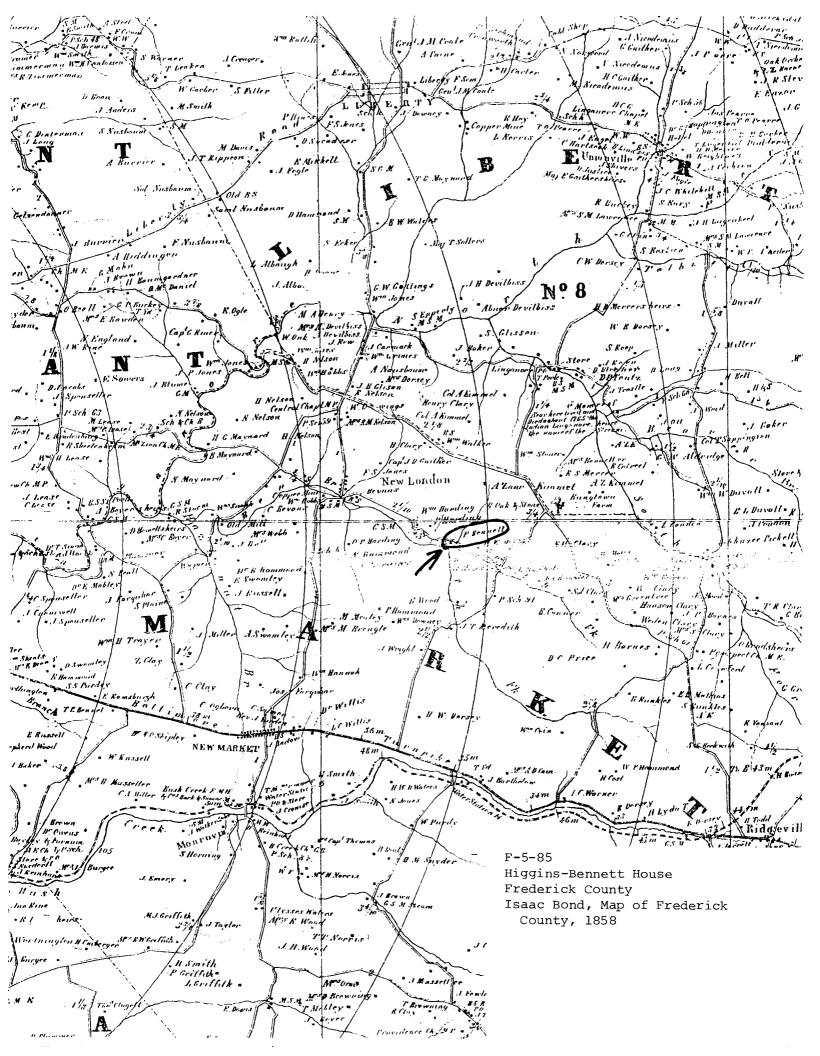
Liber/Folio	Grantee	Grantor

Liber/Folio	Grantee	Grantor	Miscellaneous	Cost
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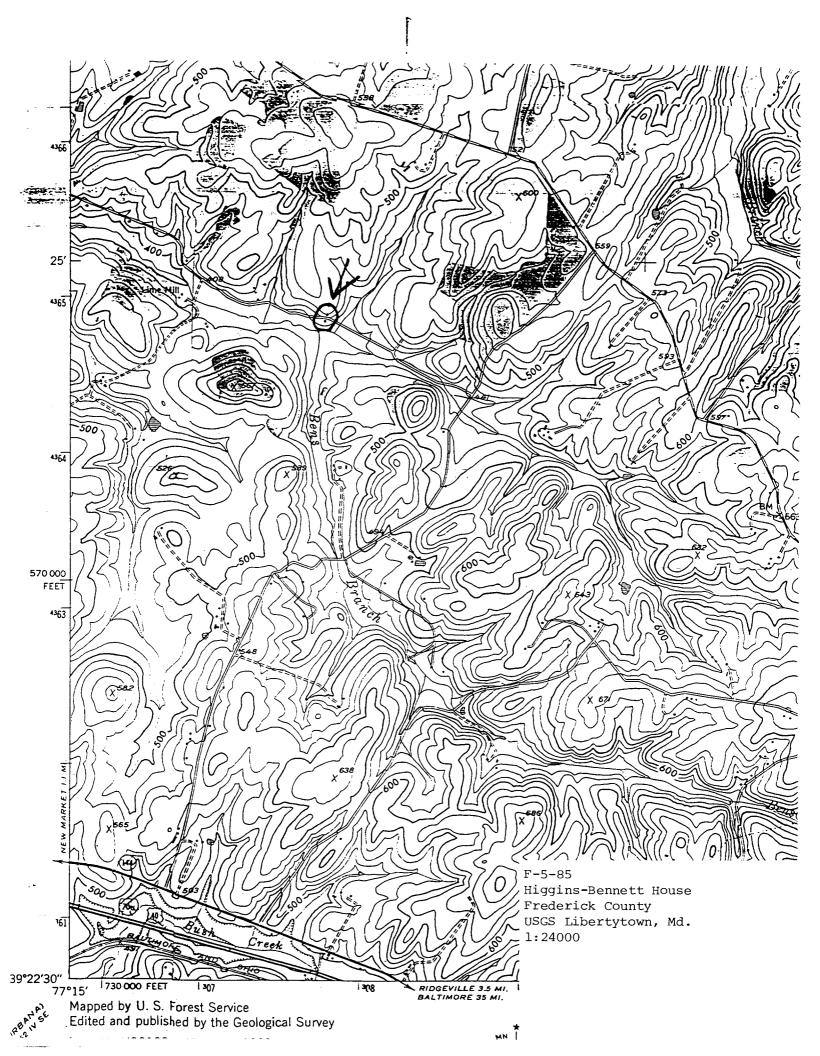
12421 Line Plant Rd. (cont)

Lot Size, Description, Original Tracts, Miscellaneous

Liber/Folio Miscellaneous Grantee Grantor Cost Part of "Dispute "Continued", "Beakharts #13,720 Delight", "Kindrish's Gap", "Establishment #13,720









F-5-85 Higgins- Bennett House Frederick County Proto: Jovet Davis April 1994 Neg. loc.: Md. SHFO, Crownsville, Md JOHT Elevation



Higgins - Bennett House

Frederick County

Photo: Janet Dovis

April 1994

Neg-loc: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md.

South elevation

F- 5-85

2/7



F = 5 % 5 Hogins - Bennett House Frederick County Photo: Jonet Douis April 1994 Nea-loc. : Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md West parlor montel 3/7



F.5-85 Higgins - Bennett House Frederick County Photo: Janet Cours Foril 1944 Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsville, Md. Smoke graining on ceiling second floor Southeost room 4/7



F 5 85 Higgins - Bennett House Frederick County Photo: Janet Davis April 1944 Neg. loc.: Md. SHPO, Crownsuille, Md. Smokehouse, south elevation 5/7



Hingins - Bennett House Frederice County Proto: Jonet Laus April 1994 Neg- loc. 1 Md. SHPO Crownsville, Md Both and armories, view from northwest 6/7

-5-85



1-5-85 Higgins - Bennett House Frederick County Photo: Janet Davis April 1004 Neg- loc. : Md. SHPO, Crownsville. Md Born east elevation 7/7